

The Daily Gazette
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY
GALT, BOWEN & WILCOX,
IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

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SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
CASH ON DELIVERY.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Twelve lines close matter, or its equivalent in space, constitutes a square.

1 square 1 day,	\$ 75
do do 2 days,	1 00
do do 3 days,	1 50
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Carriage and Drayage, \$1.50 per year each, for 3 horses, \$1.00 per year for each additional line. Special Notices, (leading and kept inside, having precedence of ordinary advertisements), 50 per cent advance on the above rates. Notices of Meetings, Charitable Societies, Fire Companies, etc., half price. Advertisements not accompanied with directions will be inserted full and charged for accordingly. Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance. This rule will not be varied from. Advertising bills collectible quarterly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

L. J. BARROWS,
Physician and Surgeon, office and residence corner of Academy and Wall Streets, oct24dawit

NOAH NEWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer, Main Street, Lappin's block, east side of J. V. Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

S. P. COLE, M. D.
Homoeopathist and Surgeon. Office at Dr. H. H. Store, Rochester, five doors south of the Baptist Church. oct24dawit

M. B. JOHNSON,
Dentist. Office in Jackson & Smith's block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis. apr24dawit

KNOX LTON & JACKSON,
Carriage and Drayage, 115 East Main Street, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

J. H. W. WANS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, office under Central Bank, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

CASE & REIGART,
Attorneys at Law. Office in Lappin's Block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

WILLARD MERRILL,
Attorney at Law and United States Court Commissioner. Office Lappin's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. apr24dawit

KEDRICK & FRANK,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Office in Myers block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

B. B. BARNETT,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Office, Lappin's block, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.
Homoeopathist and Surgeon. Office at Dr. H. H. Store, Rochester, five doors south of the Baptist Church. oct24dawit

SANFORD A. HUDSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office in Empire block, Janesville, Wisconsin. oct24dawit

H. A. PATTERSON,
Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. Office on Main Street, nearly opposite the American Express Office. oct24dawit

NEW YORK CASH STORE,
Smith & Batwick, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Crockery, Solar Lamps, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Bandboxes, Clothing and every kind of Merchandise at the very lowest cash prices. oct24dawit

J. M. MAY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office in May's block, opposite the House, corner Main and Milwaukee streets. oct24dawit

I. O. O. F.
Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14, meets in Lappin's Block, on Wednesday Evening of each week. oct24dawit

J. A. FICKHAM, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon. Office in Lappin's Block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

W. A. REYNOLDS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office in Lappin's Block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis. oct24dawit

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THE OLD SHOP

UNDER

A New Administration.

THE firm of Hemming & Thomas having been dissolved, the subscriber will continue the business at the stand of the old firm, and will endeavor to

KEEP UP

the reputation of the Old Shop as the

Best Boot and Shoe Establishment

in Janesville. He is now receiving a very large and

STOCK OF NEW GOODS.

embracing every variety and style of work, from the

Children's and Ladies' Shoes

to the heaviest article of

Men's Boots,

which will be sold at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,

and which cannot be excelled by any dealer in the state.

The Manufacturing Department

will, as usual, receive special attention, and the present

proprietor appeals with the most confident assurance to the

Superior Character

of the work turned out. This reputation he means to

Fully Maintain,

and pledges himself to his friends to furnish at all

times an article that for durability or wear, quality of

stock and neatness of fit will give

UNQUALIFIED SATISFACTION.

Tendering his thanks for the liberal custom heretofore

given the shop, the proprietor asks old friends and the

public generally to give him a call.

Store one door west of Jack-

man's Mill,

WEST MILWAUKEE STREET,

Janesville, April 23, 1862.

The Rochester

BOOT & SHOE STORE!

No. 4, Jackson & Smith's Block,

Next Door to the Rock Co. Bank.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

AT

WHEELLOCK'S.

NEW ARRIVAL OF USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL

ARTICLES.

Rich, Fancy China & Bohemian Ware.

Fancy Match Boxes,

Images, Boxes, Vases,

Flower-Pots, Hanging Vases,

Parian, Water-Pitchers, and

China and Glassware.

Gold Band and Plain China

Tea-Setts, and pieces to suit separately.

Dresden China Tea-Cups and

Saucers.

Fancy Cut Wine-Bottles,

Glasses, Spoon-holders,

&c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

of the best Silver-Plated Ware,

DINNER CASTORS,

BREAKFAST CASTERS,

CALL BELLS,

SPOONS, FORKS,

NAPKIN RINGS, &c.

Large assortment of Ivory-Handles, Hard-Rubber,

and other kinds of

THE GREAT SALE!

OF

McKey & Bro's

MAMMOTH STOCK

HAS COMMENCED.

THE Largest Stock ever offered in Wisconsin can

be inspected in their store.

A GREAT TRIUMPH

has recently been achieved by

THE UNION ARMY,

the importance of which to the whole country is ad-

mitted by every loyal man. A great triumph has also

been achieved by

McKey & Bro.

the results of which are not without their importance

to the whole people of Wisconsin, as they must admit

upon inspecting our mammoth stock, and learning the

prices. Five months ago, foregoing the tremendous

advance which has since taken place in the price of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

and believing in the old proverb that "Delays are Dan-

gers," made their "Time" by the forelock and brought

our mammoth stock to the fore.

CASH RESOURCES

to bear on a depreciated market, and as we had lived

and prospered among the people of Wisconsin, we re-

solved that they should have the benefit of our long

experience and large Cash Capital. We therefore pur-

chased in May and June last over

\$100,000 Worth of Domestic Goods,

consisting of 300 bales and cases of Fine Medium and

Heavy Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings and Shir-

tings, all of the highest quality, and at the lowest

prices. Also 100 cases of Domestic Cottons, Sprague and

other celebrated brands of Fine Color Cottons, printed

in advance for this fall's trade.

60 cases of Oatmeal, bleached and unbleached,

long thick nap, and made on the best of machinery.

Also 50 cases of Domestic Cottons, Sprague and

other celebrated brands of Fine Color Cottons, printed

in advance for this fall's trade.

60 cases of Oatmeal, bleached and unbleached,

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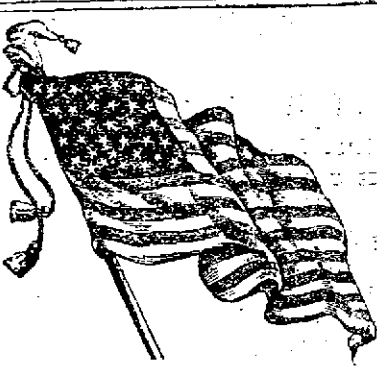
DAILY GAZETTE.

50,000 lbs. of Wool Wanted!

at the

New Woolen Factory

F. A.



Forever float that standard sheet—
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Governor's Message.

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and Assembly:

The meeting of the legislature, to which the people have under certain constitutional restrictions, transferred the sovereign legislative power of the state, is at all times an event of peculiar interest and importance, for its acts often have a direct influence, either for good or evil, upon the present and future welfare of the people. The condition of our national affairs, with the past and passing events, and their bearing upon the prosperity and happiness of the people of this state, invite your meeting with still greater importance. Coming directly and fresh from the people as their representatives, to assist in carrying on the government of the state by making all necessary and useful laws, you will be more familiar with the wishes and sentiments of those whom you represent, and many subjects of grave importance will undoubtedly present themselves for action requiring our best efforts to do justice to the trust reposed in us by our common constituents.

GENERAL CONDITION, COMMERCE, AGRICULTURE, MANUFACTURES.

Our state has during the past year, with the single exception of a serious disturbance in one of the counties, enjoyed peace in its borders, and been free from the horrors of war surrounding us and interrupting the quiet of many of our sister states. Our commerce, which, in common with that of all other states, has suffered much for years from the effects of the financial and commercial crisis of 1857, has during the past year, even under the disadvantages of the war, been prosperous, and is now conducted on a more extensive scale than before 1857, when the spirit of speculation and an unseasoned and too extensive system of credit led to the financial ruin of many. The opening of the Mississippi, in which, with other states, we have a direct interest even beyond that which the nation in general feels in the free passage of that great national thoroughfare, would give new and additional life to our commerce. It is to be hoped that the great efforts which are now made by our western army will speedily accomplish the work that has so long been interrupted, and will, by freeing the Mississippi from the obstructions of the enemy and bringing it under our control, deal a decisive blow to the rebellion and procure direct relief to the great loyal west.

Manufacturing is yet in its infancy in this state. Our natural resources give ample opportunity for the advantageous employment of capital in that direction. It should be the policy of the state to encourage by proper legislation the development of these resources, for only thus do they become a part of the wealth of the state.

Our state is mainly an agricultural state; yet, owing to a modification by the last legislature of the law requiring the assessors to make annual returns of the results of the industry of the state, I am without sufficient data for any accurate statement in regard to this most important branch of our industry. It is an occasion for congratulation, that notwithstanding the withdrawal from peaceful pursuits of so large a number of our citizens who have volunteered in the country's behalf in support of our military efforts, the production of our crops has been increased rather than diminished during the year. The last season was not favorable to the production of the great staples of agriculture in some portions of the state, so that the aggregate yield was probably below the average of the three preceding years. The amount of sugar cane and of syrups and sugar produced has been, as I am informed, much greater than at any previous period, and it is believed by many that as a state we may eventually make ourselves quite independent of all foreign sources in respect to these necessities. Gratifying progress has been made in the proportionate increase of stock as compared with the grain growing interests, especially in the important branch of sheep husbandry, while the improvement in breed of all our domestic animals is constantly receiving more attention.

The agricultural societies in operation have exerted great influence in advancing the material interests of the state. They should, therefore, be encouraged by the legislature, and the State Agricultural Society has been much embarrassed by the circumstances which have compelled two successive omissions of its accustomed annual exhibition, and by the withdrawal of all state aid by an act of the legislature passed at its last extra session. Although the nation is at war, our peaceful state should not forget or neglect the arts of peace; they become now doubly important in many respects. The usefulness of this society, especially in the advancement of a state agricultural system, which exists in some other states, should not be undervalued or impaired by unfriendly legislation at a time when its efforts are particularly important. The transactions of the society, as published from time to time, contain material of great value, and their wide distribution at home and abroad has done much towards securing for Wisconsin the name of an enlightened and enterprising commonwealth. The small appropriation requisite to their regular publication and distribution could hardly be more economically expended.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

By an act of congress approved July 2d, 1862, the United States have granted to the several states a quantity of land equal to thirty thousand acres for each senator and representative in congress to which the states are respectively entitled by the apportionment under the census of 1860, for the support and maintenance of at least one college, where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, upon such conditions and particularly set forth in the act, one of which is that "No state shall be entitled to the benefits of the act unless it shall express its acceptance thereof by its legislature within two years from the date of its approval by the President." Under this act the state would be entitled for our eight representatives in

congress to 240,000 acres of land, and it becomes your duty to decide whether you will or will not accept the gift under the conditions imposed. Your careful attention is invited to this important subject. The conditions imposed are such only as seem to be required in order to insure a useful, perpetual and bona fide application of the grant for the purposes for which it was intended, and while the state cannot rely upon this grant alone for the establishment of the college, if carefully and properly applied, with adequate aid from the state, the grant is sufficient for the purpose intended, i.e., "to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions in life." I trust that at an early day you will take the necessary steps to secure to the state the benefits of the grant, and to carry out in good faith the objects of the donation; especially since this state, by its legislature in the year 1859, memorialized congress for such a grant.

ENLARGEMENT OF ERIC CANAL AND FOX AND WISCONSIN RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

In this connection I desire to call your attention to the efforts which are now being made to procure an enlargement of the Eric canal by the national government, which measure I understand is now before congress, as one of military necessity. I cannot more pointedly show the importance of such an enlargement to our agricultural interests and commerce, than by quoting a few passages from a letter addressed by the president of the Illinois Central railroad company to the president of the state agricultural society of Illinois on that subject, of which a copy was sent to me:

"The cultivation of the most fertile land in the world is almost rendered unproductive through the necessity of expending large sums of money in the transportation of the produce to the market. We are confined to a narrow water course. The Eric canal sufficed when the north-west sent fifty millions of bushels of grain, but is utterly inadequate to taking off our present surplus of upwards of one hundred and fifty millions of bushels. It is almost idle to extend the internal improvements of the north-west, or to urge the farmers to produce more, while every acre cultivated adds to the volume of bushels which already choke the three channels of the waterway. A broad water course from Lake Erie to the Hudson, through which our lake vessels can float without breaking bulk, will cheapen the cost of transportation to the point at which we can supply the European markets profitably under all circumstances. This letter, which contains many valuable suggestions, I will lay before any committee you may appoint on this subject."

The enlargement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, so as to make it of a capacity suitable for the passage of gunboats, will also, I learn, occupy the attention of our national legislature. Its importance to our state can scarcely be overestimated. The improvement is now, as is claimed by the company charged with its building, nearly completed in the manner required by the laws of this state and the stipulations of that company, and is at present the only direct navigable water communication between the Mississippi and the great western lakes. I would respectfully suggest that you memorialize congress upon these two important national improvements, and call the attention of our representatives in congress thereto.

FINANCIAL CONDITION.

I am happy to be able to state to you that the finances of the state are in good condition. The reports of the Secretary of State and State Treasurer will exhibit to you in detail the receipts and expenditures of the several state funds for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1862. In keeping with a long established custom, I here give you the general result of the transactions of the most important funds during the calendar year ending Dec. 31st, 1862.

GENERAL FUND.

The transactions of the year in the general fund, provided for the current expenses of state government, are as follows:

RECEIVED.	
From counties—state tax and	\$531,170.20
tax on bank tax.	70,420.00
From railroads—license.	95,791.91
From foreign insurance com-	
panies—license.	16,259.50
State of state lands.	10,000.00
From other sources of rev-	
enue.	2,298.92
On hand Dec. 31st, 1861.	18,543.85
	\$686,183.58

DISBURSED.

For salaries and other	\$30,000.00
and salaries—judges.	24,750.00
For state prison.	21,000.00
For humane institutions, cur-	
ative houses.	97,550.00
For capital extension.	23,500.00
For hospital for insane.	22,875.00
For school on state lands.	15,000.00
For 60 Wisconsin bonds, due	
April, 1862.	18,000.00
For miscellaneous expen-	
ditures and special appropri-	
ations.	106,427.00
On hand Dec. 31st, 1862.	\$119,035.67

The expenses of the state government, exclusive of the cost of permanent improvements, such as the enlargement of the capitol, the additions to the state prison, insane hospital, and other public institutions, of the interest on state bonds, of the cost of supporting the various benevolent institutions of the state, has been quite uniform during the past four years:

Expenses for the year 1859, as shown by Governor's message of 1860.	\$189,850.48
Expenses for the year 1860, as shown by Governor's message of 1861.	189,771.05
Expenses for the year 1861, as shown by State Treasurer's report.	193,535.10
(The estimate for 1861 is for the fiscal year, but will vary little from the calendar year.)	
Expenses for 1862, for fiscal year.	159,990.37
Expenses for 1862, for calendar year.	160,941.20

SCHOOL FUND.

Owing to the financial crisis of 1857, and consequent fall of the price of all land property, much of which had been sold at a high price, and the consequent fall of the price of the bonds of the state, which exist in some other states, should not be undervalued or impaired by unfriendly legislation at a time when its efforts are particularly important. The transactions of the society, as published from time to time, contain material of great value, and their wide distribution at home and abroad has done much towards securing for Wisconsin the name of an enlightened and enterprising commonwealth. The small appropriation requisite to their regular publication and distribution could hardly be more economically expended.

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have been invested in the bonds of the state, but these investments were restricted to bonds already issued at the time of the passage of the law. I would respectfully recommend that the law be so changed as to allow the investment of this fund in any of the bonds issued by the state of Wisconsin, and call your particular attention to the observations on that subject in the reports of the commissioners of school and university lands, and of the superintendent of public instruction.

TRANSACTIONS IN THE SCHOOL FUND.

The transactions in the school fund, which come during the calendar year were as follows:

RECEIVED.	
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1861.	\$20,000.00
Receipts.	150,000.00
Total sum.	\$170,000.00
Disbursements.	140,180.00
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1862.	\$29,820.00

SWAMP LAND FUND.

The following are the transactions during the calendar year in the swamp land fund, which consist of the interest arising from the swamp land fund:

RECEIVED.	
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1861.	\$5,000.00
Receipts.	10,000.00
Total sum.	\$15,000.00
Disbursements.	10,000.00
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1862.	\$5,000.00

WAR FUND.

The following is a summary of the transactions of the war fund during the calendar year:

RECEIVED.	
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1861.	\$50,000.00
Receipts.	100,000.00
Total sum.	\$150,000.00
Disbursements.	100,000.00
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1862.	\$50,000.00

THE RECEIPTS OF THIS FUND ARE MADE UP

mainly of money received on sales of state bonds and advances made by the United States upon the claims of the state for war expenditures. The sales of bonds are sent to the secretary of the treasury for examination and adjustment is up to the present time \$1,253,945.57.

Of this amount there has been returned to the state and passed to the war fund—\$577,900.37.

Against the treasury of the state—\$441,726.37.

Total amount returned to the state—\$1,019,626.74.

Leaving due the state the sum of—\$234,318.81.

It is a source of great gratification to me that, in addition to the settlement of the great debt due from the state and amounting originally to the sum of \$519,688.66, but reduced to \$234,318.81, on account of having our vouchers filed in proper time, I was enabled to obtain an advance sufficient from the general government upon our unsettled claims to enable the state to discharge all its outstanding indebtedness on account of war expenses of last year. Under the great pressure of business and the vast transactions of the U. S. treasury department, the examination and settlement of these state claims progress but very slowly, and great embarrassment would have resulted to the state and its creditors, had the liberal aid of the federal government been refused. No further advance can however now be counted upon, as the margin left for accounts that may not be allowed is already a very small one, and as the financial embarrassments of the general government would also prevent further advances.

The sources of income, then, to meet the expenditures of this fund during the present year will be confined to the tax of \$275,000 provided at the extra session of last year, and such other provisions as may be made by you to meet the demands upon this fund. These demands will be large, and in addition to the necessary expenses of our military departments, of state surveys for cavalry and artillery, and of taking care of our sick and wounded soldiers, will mainly consist of the extra pay of \$3 per month allowed to the soldiers who have families dependent upon them. It is estimated that this will require \$500,000 per month. The special tax of \$275,000, which probably be exhausted by the month of March or April. The state of Wisconsin cannot permit the families of her brave soldiers to suffer for want of this additional aid—it should not be discontinued; but I know of no way in which the money necessary for this purpose can be produced except by an additional loan. This subject will undoubtedly receive your most careful consideration, and you will adopt such measures as your wisdom may dictate.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

The very able and interesting report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction will give you much valuable information concerning the condition of our common schools, and contains many excellent suggestions in regard to the proper management and future development of our free school system. Your attention is respectfully invited to a careful examination of this report, and especially to his recommendations concerning the establishment of high schools as a part of the common school system. Education is one of the chief corner stones of free institutions, without it they cannot remain pure; ignorance is the great enemy of liberty, and some measure of attendance upon schools could be enforced, if parents who often selfishly retain their children at home and permit them to grow up in ignorance, could be compelled to send them to school for a certain length of time, as they are rigorously compelled to do in Prussia and some other European states, I should gladly advocate the passage of the necessary laws for that purpose. I do not consider such laws an impertinent interference with individual liberty; the child is not the property of the parent, the state has a large interest in its education and may well make regulations concerning it. Not entirely satisfied that such a law could be carried into effect in our state, I leave this matter to your superior wisdom and consideration.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A FEW OF THE STATISTICS

taken from the report of the superintendent:

Total number of children between four and twenty years of age.	308,385
Under seven years of age.	101,566
Between seven and fourteen years of age.	145,449
Over fourteen years of age.	161,370
Number of male teachers employed during the year.	2,449
Number of female teachers employed during the year.	1,810
Number of male scholars attending the common schools.	415
Number of female scholars attending the common schools.	3,452
Total number of scholars attending the common schools.	3,867
Number of scholars attending the common schools during the year.	142,501.00

STATE UNIVERSITY.

The condition of the state university in an educational point of view during the past year has been very satisfactory. Although a large number of students have exchanged the market and sword for their books and studies, and are serving our country in the ranks of the army, the number of students during the summer term was not less than last year, and the number now in attendance is larger than at any previous winter term. The university has able professors, and as an institution of learning is a credit to the state.

The finances of the university continue to remain, however, in an unsatisfactory condition. The total productive capital of the fund on the 1st of October, 1862, according to the books was \$243,283.18. This should have yielded an income of \$17,029.82, but it yielded only up to the 1st of January, 1863, \$14,102.93, the deficiency arising

from forfeitures of university lands. The university fund income on the 31st day of December 31st, 1862, was as follows:

RECEIVED.	
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1861.	\$930.00
Receipts during the year.	14,102.93
Total sum.	\$15,032.93
Disbursements.	14,448.40
Balance on hand Dec. 31st, 1862.	\$584.53

OF THIS INCOME THERE WAS PAID TO THE STATE

last year for:

State hire of land and	\$947.68
State of expenses for land	\$181.60
Trifling.	\$7.25
Total.	\$1,136.53

After deducting the interest of the university fund indebtedness which has not yet been cancelled as provided by a law of the winter term, there will according to the report of the regents remain available for the productive capital of \$106,583.73, yielding an income of \$7,160.86, from which deduct charge made by state for care of the fund, \$975.22, would leave a net income of \$6,185.64. This amount will be entirely inadequate for the support of the university.

The constitution of our state prescribes that "Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, and the seat of the government shall be the site of the university."

and that the proceeds of all lands granted by the United States for the support of a university, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, (to be called the university fund), the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the state university.

It seems to me to be a very plain deduction from these provisions that it was the intention of the framers of the constitution to provide that the university, i.e., the necessary buildings, etc., should be established by the state, and that the income of the university fund should be used for the maintenance and support of the university so established.

Instead of this, the state has, however, never paid one cent either for the establishment or the support or the maintenance of the university, but it has compelled the university to erect the buildings on its own credit, the debt to be paid from its own fund. This has led to the embarrassment under which it is now laboring. In addition to that, the state has many years past charged the university with the expenses of its management.

I am credibly informed that the state of Iowa gave to its university its old capitol, outbuildings and park, as well as \$25,000 for erecting a new college edifice, and the state of Michigan, in 1838, loaned \$100,000 to its university, and has never required it to be repaid, nor even exacted any interest for several years. Wisconsin, I think, has not acted the part of a kind parent in exacting from the state the management of the university, which by the constitution it was in duty bound to establish, but for which it never paid out one cent. In the present financial difficulties the money paid annually for several years to the state for the management of this fund, would be a great aid to the university, and I would therefore recommend that the law exacting this payment be repealed, and restoration be made of the money retained by the state for the purpose of erecting a new college edifice, and the Revised Statutes on the subject were put into operation. The same policy should be pursued in regard to the school fund, but as the common schools are mostly supported by taxation, a change in that respect will make but little difference.

I feel it also my duty to urge upon you again the propriety of engraving upon the university a professorship of military engineering and tactics, that our young men may have an opportunity to study military science, and be fortunately too long neglected in the northern states, and the necessity of which has become so apparent during our present national struggle.

(To be continued.)

BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE.

Official Union Messenger Express.

Last Night's Report.

New York, Jan. 16.

The steamer Illinois, with New Orleans

advice of the 8th, has been ordered.

The rebels are now making upon the

enemies in the neighborhood of Donald-

sonville, but no danger is apprehended.

The affair at Galveston caused a general

gloom among the army and navy.

Admiral Farragut had sent the Brooklyn,

Sierra, and a half a dozen of his best ships

to recapture the Harriet Lane at all hazards,

and if possible to destroy the rebel

gunboats on Bayou Buffalo. Nothing had

been heard from this expedition at New Or-

leans up to the 8th.

Nothing of Banks' plans has transpired.

It was known, however, that the idle

Major's troops had gone to Baton Rouge.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.

The following has been received at head-

quarters (italic):

"Richmond papers are boasting that Gen-

Pryor repulsed our troops near New Pro-

vidence. The following dispatch of the 10th

gives the true version:

"His attack was repulsed by our mount-

ed rifles, under Major Wheeler. It is due

to the latter and to our troops that the

truth should be known. Gen. AN A. VIX,

the commander of the 12th Massachusetts

regiment, which occupied Galveston, was

stationed on a wharf in the eastern end of

the town. That is the point nearest the

harbor. Capt. Shrieve at once reported his

discovery to Col. Burritt, by a messenger,

when two platoons of 70 men each, under

Capt. Proctor and Snyder, were sent out.

It was reported again after that Captain

Shrieve had been captured, but the platoons

sent out met him and his command falling

back in good order. About this time the

Harriet Lane sent up a signal which was

announced, first, the enemy approaching

by water, and second, approaching by land.

Col. Burritt being notified of these signals

turned out his battalions, which numbered

less than 300 men, under arms, and con-

structed barricades of barrels, hogheads,

boards, and whatever else he could find,

across the wharf, and tore up planks, leav-

ing only a narrow passage for the retreat of

his pickets. Word was soon sent in that

the enemy in large numbers were cross-

ing the bridge, and had already taken pos-

session of the rear of the town in strong

force. During the day the rebels brought eight pieces of artillery, concealed in loads of hay, and fixed them in a warehouse about a quarter of a mile from the wharf; and when Harriet Lane fired, engaged, opened fire with these pieces upon the Union forces. The rebels planted these guns for the purpose of obtaining an enfilading range. Our men by skillful change of position and barricades defeated this de-

feat. Our men fought bravely and for four hours refused to yield, the overpowering force. The enemy was fairly repulsed twice, notwithstanding he had ten to one. The full force of the rebels was brought between the rebels and our handful of men was at an end. The little band was standing up against a force which was discovered that a white flag was flying from the Harriet Lane. The rebels then withdrew, and the Harriet Lane fired upon the rebels. After a while, a flag was displayed on the gunboat—Owens, Col. Burritt dispatched all his men to ascertain the state of affairs and consult as to the course to be pursued. As the rebels proceeded in a small boat, and having completed the business, was about to return, when he discovered the Union forces on the wharf were marching off. He saw them go to the street, where they were once surrounded by the rebel soldiers and citizens. They had been ordered. As the rebels proceeded, they did not return.

The rebels, in addition to the guns captured, 30,000 rifle cartridges, 50,000 picks and 600 shovels. The loss of the Harriet Lane was quite small, probably not more than fifty killed and 20 wounded.

(Additional.)

St. Louis, Jan. 16.

Skirmishing with our scouting parties

on the town without giving notice to re-

move sick, or wounded, or children, and

forces, on the contrary of Missouri militia, Iowa

troops, enrolled Missouri militia, convales-

cents and stragglers, numbered 2,600, with

two old iron howitzers, one iron 6-pounder

mounted on wagon wheels, and two brass

6-pounders. At Fort Lyon the enemy were

badly whipped. Gen. Brown was treacher-

ously shot while leading a charge.

A dispatch from Gen. Warren, dated

Houston, 16th, says the enemy are in full

retreat toward Arkans. Harlan's debar-

ment at the Battle of the Clouds was between

State of Wisconsin to Nathaniel H Bennett, Elizabeth Bennett, Thomas Kinney and Mary Eliza Kinney, the undersigned, do hereby certify that you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for Rock County, in and for the county of Rock, on the 1st day of November, 1865, and a copy of which is hereby served on you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint, on the undersigned, at their office or residence, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, and to file the same in the office, and if you fail to answer the said complaint in the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action is empowered to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Witness my hand this 12th day of Nov. 1865.

BENNETT, CASPARY & GIBBS.

ROCK COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT.

W. F. Willard, plaintiff, against Elizabeth A. Phipps and Charles O. Phipps, defendants.

For remittance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered by the court in and to be entered on the 25th day of December, A.D. 1863, I, N. N. Willard, a referee duly appointed for that purpose by said court, a referee duly appointed for that purpose do hereby certify that the sum of \$1,000.00, with interest thereon, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Central Bank, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on

THE 18th DAY OF MARCH NEXT,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described estate situate in the city of Janesville, in Rock County, Wisconsin, to-wit: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 7

[illegible]

The date of the above described property is postponed
 Monday, the 20th day of January, 1863, then
 to be placed in the place above mentioned,
 dated November 26th, 1862.
 25242m J. H. C. JENKIN, Referee.

CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY.
 vs. H. OLKOWITZ, Moses S. Prichard and A. A. Jackson,
 Plaintiffs, vs. J. H. Olkowitz, Defendant. The date
 of the above Wood, deceased, Elizabeth H. Wood, Lydia
 A. C. Wood, Emily J. Wood, Alvin H. Wood, Kate L. Wood,
 and John H. Wood, Defendants.
 The above named parties, by and with the consent of
 the court, have entered into a stipulation and agreement
 to purchase and by virtue of a judgment of fore-
 closure and sale rendered in the above action, on the
 10th day of December, A. D. 1862, in said court, the
 premises, to wit: A certain lot of land, situate in the
 room in the city of Janesville, in said county, on
 THE 10th DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1863,
 of and of which certain piece or parcel
 of land, situate in the city of Janesville, in said
 county, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin,
 known as lot number two (2) in block number four
 in Rockport, in said city.
 R. T. FEMMER, Sheriff.
 J. H. C. JENKIN, Referee.

Sheriff's Sale.
IN GUTHRIE COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.
 D Conant, plaintiff vs. Jereemial Morrison, defendant.
 The following is a copy of the writ of execution issued out of
 said court, bearing date on the 24 day of April, 1893,
 each in favor of said plaintiff and against the said
 defendant, to wit: That the said Jereemial Morrison, defendant,
 do to and directed and deliver, I have two lots of land, to
 be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder,
ON THE 14th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1893,
 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of
 the Post Office, in the city of Janesville in said
 county, all the right, title and interest which he said
 defendant has in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:
 One lot, described as follows, to-wit: A certain piece or
 parcel of land, situated in the town of Janesville, in the
 State of Wisconsin, described as follows, commencing
 at a point on the north line of Pleasant
 street, two feet on the north line of Pleasant
 street, to the North line of Smith, Dalby & Storrs' addi-
 tion, in Janesville, thence easterly along said north line
 of Smith, Dalby & Storrs' addition, to the north line
 of the same, parallel with Silver street, across said lot eight and
 ninety-two feet on the west corner in said addition, thence

to the east line of land sold to Henry Neate, thence
thence they along said line of said land to said to
the place of the place of the place of the place of the
th. 1862. E. J. M. PUTNAM.
8047W Sheriff of Rock County.

FOR SALE FOR ROCK COUNTY.

ALVA Ward, Pitt agent Henry Allen, Lenton Allen and
Lenton Allen, of the County of Rock, State of Wisconsin,
N pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of fore-
closure and sale of said court, rendered in the above
captioned cause, do hereby offer for sale to the highest
public auction, to the highest bidder, in the city of Janes-
ville, in the County of Rock, State of Wisconsin, the
one of the Rock County lands, in this sale, to-wit:

THE 1/4 D. 4. D. OF JANUARY NEXT.

To-wit: In the afternoon, all those parcels of land
situate in the County of Rock and State of Wisconsin,
to-wit: The southeast quarter of section ten (10) of the
southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of the south-
west quarter of section ten (10), and the northeast quar-
ter of section ten (10) of the southwest quarter of sec-
tion ten (10) of the southwest quarter of section eleven (11), all in
township one (1) north, of range forty-two (42) east, or
more fully described as shall appear in the plat to be
made due by virtue of said judgment.—Dated Octo-

[illegible]

I, the undersigned, the said Plaintiff, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original of the said petition, as the same appears from the records of the said Circuit Court of the said County of Kane, State of Wisconsin, in and to the following described premises, to-wit: which I shall proceed to sell, as the law directs, on the steps of the said Circuit Court of the said County of Wisconsin, in the City of Janesville, Rock County, on

THE 13th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1868,

10 o'clock in the forenoon, to wit: lots three and four in block number forty; also lots eight and nine in block number five in village of Janesville, and the original plat of the village of Janesville, situated in the County of Kane, State of Wisconsin, in the 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212nd, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312nd, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411st, 412nd, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511st, 512nd, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611st, 612nd, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd, 663rd, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671st, 672nd, 673rd, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681st, 682nd, 683rd, 684th

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